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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/458,322	12/10/1999	STEPHEN J. ZACK	533/198	8722
26291 7590 02/24/2005			EXAMINER	
	TERSON & SHERIDA	HUYNH, SON P		
595 SHREWSBURY AVE, STE 100				DA DED MIR COED
FIRST FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SHREWSBURY	Y, NJ 07702		2611	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/458,322	ZACK ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Son P Huynh	2611			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reg. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day is will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 September 2004.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ▼ This	is action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 32-44 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 32-44 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination 10. The drawing(s) filed on 02 August 2001 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination 11. ■	: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in the contract of the contract	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 32-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claims 1-31have been canceled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 32-34,36-41,43-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams (US 6,044,396) in view of Voois (US 6,404,776).

Regarding claim 32, Adams teaches an information distribution system comprising server equipment (server source 115) for providing both content and non-content data

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(video data and application data) to subscriber equipment (terminal nodes 105)-figure 1, the server equipment comprising:

a multiplex switch for multiplexing a plurality of formatted content streams from server modules to produce an output stream that is adapted for transport via a communication channel wherein the multiplexing of the formatted content streams is statistical performed (statistical multiplexer 208 for multiplexing a plurality of encoded video streams from the media servers in conventional round robin fashion to produce an output stream that is adapted for transport via communication channel 210 - figure 2 and col. 3, lines 60-67; col. 4, lines 26-67), wherein the multiplexing is further for selectively multiplexing formatted non-content data into the output stream (selector 404 passes stored from the application buffer, which is preferably in form of an MPEG-2 transport packet, to the output buffer 406 - col. 4, lines 35-50; col. 5, lines 3-4), and wherein the multiplexing of formatted non-content data is on a bandwidth availability basis that is predicted based on the multiplexing of the formatted content streams (the selector 404 passes data from application buffer 402 to the output buffer if and when all video buffers 400 are empty - col. 5, lines 1-8). However, Adams does not specifically disclose the multiplexer is for formatting non-content data.

Voois discloses multiplexer for formatting data collected from data sources (col. 5, lines 25-30; col. 6, lines 25-40, lines 57-67), and data is multiplexed on a bandwidth availability basis that is predicted based on the multiplexing of the formatted content streams (col. 9, lines 26-42). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary

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skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Adam with the teaching as taught by Voois in order to maximize the amount of data to be transmitted over a channel (col. 5, lines 25-28).

Regarding claim 33, Adams further teaches the multiplex switch includes a buffer (application buffer 402) for storing non-content data and a switch controller (selector 404) for determining a bandwidth utilization level of the multiplex switch, the switch controller further for causing at least a portion of the non-content data in the buffer to be multiplexed into the output stream when the bandwidth utilization level falls below a threshold utilization bandwidth level (the selector decides which data stream is to be given access to a channel of the network, if and when all video buffers 400 are empty, the selector passes data from the application buffer 402 to the output buffer 406 – col. 4, line 52-col. 5, line 8- Thus, the threshold utilization bandwidth level is met by the bandwidth level when all video buffers 400 are empty).

Regarding claim 34, Adams further discloses the threshold bandwidth utilization level comprises a utilization level sufficient to process a single time extent (service interval for data in each video buffer until the video buffer is empty). Adams further discloses data stored in each buffer is in the form of an MPEG-2 transport packet (col. 4, lines 43-50). The video data is provided to video buffers 400 after they are empty (col. 1, lines 1-8). Thus, the content streams are divided into a plurality of respective time extents (the time

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extent is met by the service period for video data in each video buffer 400 and new video data stored in the buffers after the buffers 400 were empty).

Regarding claim 36, Adams further teaches the non-content data comprises control data (control information) and non-control data (application data and application programs), and the multiplex switch preferentially multiplexes the non-content control data (see col. 3, lines 40-52, col. 4, lines 57-64, col. 6, lines 61-67).

Regarding claim 37, Adams further teaches the non-content data comprises control data (control information) and non-control data (application data and application programs), and the multiplex switch preferentially multiplexes the control data (see col. 3, lines 40-52, col. 4, lines 57-64, col. 6, lines 61-67).

Regarding claim 38, Adams further teaches the content data includes MPEG data (see col. 4, lines 48-49; col. 5, lines 14-45).

Regarding claim 39, Adams further teaches the non-content data includes Internet protocol data (see col. 3, lines 43-44).

Regarding claim 40, the limitations of the method as claimed correspond to the limitations of the system as claimed in claim 32 and are analyzed as discussed with respect to the rejection of claim 32.

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Regarding claim 41, Adams teaches storing non-content data until bandwidth availability enables multiplexing of the stored non-content data (application data is stored in application buffer 402. If and when all video buffers 400 are empty, the selector 404 passes data from the application buffer 402 to the output buffer and the application data, application program, control information are transmitted in waste bandwidth - see col. 5, lines 1-8, col. 6, lines 63-67).

Regarding claim 43, Adams teaches the output stream in an MPEG data stream (col. 4. lines 48-49; col. 5, lines 13-14).

Regarding claim 44, Adams teaches receiving the non-content data in an Internet protocol format (col. 3, lines 43-44).

Claims 35 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable 4. over Adams (US 6,044,396) in view of Voois (US 6,404,776) as applied to claims 33and 40 above, and further in view of Krause et al. (US 5,877,812).

Regarding claim 35, Adams in view of Voois discloses a system as discussed in the rejection of claim 33. Adams further discloses each of the content streams is divided into a plurality of respective time extents (time period associated with each data portion in each of the video buffers 400 - col. 5, lines 1-10). However, neither Adams nor Voois Application/Control Number: 09/458,322

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specifically discloses the multiplexer can multiplex a predetermined number of time extends into the output stream.

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Krause discloses partitioning program streams into variable size packets wherein each packet contains the compressed data corresponding to a fixed number of fixels. a fixed interleaving scheme may be used when multiplexing the packets from each of the n segments (col. 7, lines 1-11). Thus, the multiplexer can multiplexes a predefined number of time extents (e.g., time period associated with each packet) into the output stream. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Adams and Voois to use the teaching as taught by Krause in order to control amount of data content multiplexed in the stream thereby improving utilization of memory space at the receiver.

Regarding claim 42, the limitations of the method as claimed correspond to the limitations of the system as claimed in claim 35, and are analyzed as discussed with respect to the rejection of claim 35.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Son P Huynh whose telephone number is 703-305-1889. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-5:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher C Grant can be reached on 703-305-4755. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Son P. Huynh February 18, 2005

> HAITRAN PRIMARY EXAMINER